

The separation of Kanji

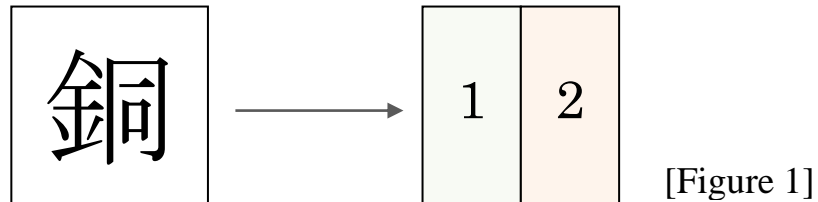
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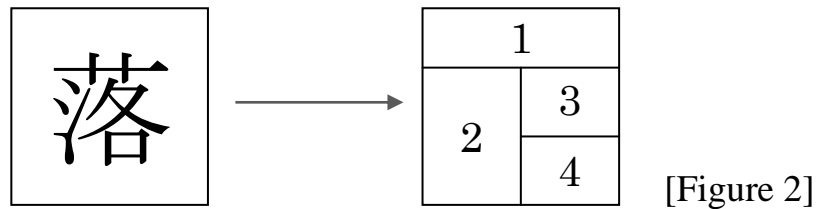
Here, the Chinese character is written as *Kanji*.

The *Kanji* “銅(ドウ)” can be separated into the left and the right.

The *Kanji* “銅(ドウ)” previously writes left part. This will be shown like [Figure 1].



The *Kanji* “落(ラク)” can be shown like [Figure 2] dividing into four.



[Exercise 1] Separate the following *Kanji* into the number of ().

- ① ^{ドウ}働 (3) ② ^{ジョウ}情 (3) ③ ^{シュク}宿 (3) ④ ^ビ鼻 (3)

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- ⑤ ^{ハイ}背 (3) ⑥ ^{リャク}略 (3) ⑦ ^{ザツ}雑 (3) ⑧ ^ギ疑 (4)

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The separation of *Kanji*

[Exercise 2] Separate the following *Kanji* into the number of ().

① ^ブ 部 (3)	② ^{ケン} 憲 (4)	③ ^{ケツ} 潔 (4)	④ ^{エキ} 液 (4)
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
⑤ ^ム 務 (4)	⑥ ^{タイ} 態 (5)	⑦ ^{ゾク} 続 (4)	⑧ ^{エイ} 衛 (5)
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

[Exercise 3] How is the following *Kanji* separated?

① ^{ジュク} 熟 ()	② ^{ドウ} 導 ()	③ ^{テイ} 庭 ()	④ ^{カク} 閣 ()
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

[Exercise 4] Most *Kanji* can be separated into two big parts.

Separate the *Kanji* in [Exercise 3] into two big parts.

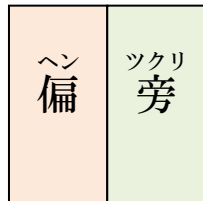
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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The separation of Kanji

Most *Kanji* can be separated into two big parts.

When it is separated right and left,
the left side is said *Hen*(偏), the right side is said *Tsukuri*(旁).

When it is separated up and down,
the upper part is said *Kammuri*(冠), the lower side is said *Ashi*(脚).



[Exercise 5] Write a common part to the following *Kanji*

① 机材杉杖村杭枝松板枚
林桧枯柵柿柱桜桧

② 地均坑坊垣埋域堀培堺
場塚堤塔塀塩境壤

③ 雪霰雲電雷零需震靈霖
霰霞霜霰霰露

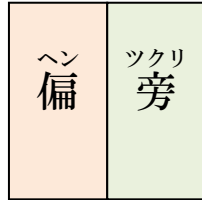
④ 刈刊列判別利刻刷剃剃
制到削則剃劍創

⑤ 允兕兕光充先克兕堯免

The separation of Kanji

Most *Kanji* can be separated into two big parts.

When it is separated right and left,
the left side is said *Hen*(偏), the right side is said *Tsukuri*(旁).



[Exercise 6] Write the *Hen* of the following *Kanji* in .

And, write the name of *Hen* in [].

①指 [] ②強 [] ③快 [] ④往 []

⑤種 [] ⑥腰 [] ⑦福 [] ⑧被 []

⑨狩 [] ⑩館 [] ⑪河 [] ⑫絵 []

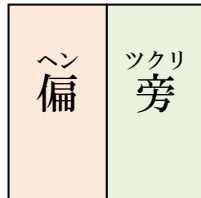
⑬限 [] ⑭旗 [] ⑮物 [] ⑯焼 []

⑰暗 [] ⑱体 [] ⑲冷 [] ⑳境 []

The separation of Kanji

Most *Kanji* can be separated into two big parts.

When it is separated right and left,
the left side is said *Hen*(偏), the right side is said *Tsukuri*(旁).



[Exercise 7] Write the *Tsukuri* of the following *Kanji* in .

And, write the name of *Tsukuri* in [].

①形 [] ②教 [] ③新 [] ④印 []

⑤頂 [] ⑥歌 [] ⑦別 [] ⑧都 []

These *Hen* and *Tsukuri* express a rough meaning.

For instance, it is shown that *Te-hen* concerns the hand.

打払扱技抗抄折扱投把拔批扶抑押拐抃抛拒拘招拙拓担抽抵扞
拍披抱抹括挟拷指持拾挑振搜挿捕掛掘掲控採捨授推据接措掃
探排描握援換揮提搭揚揺携搾摂損搬摘撮撤撲操擁擬擦

It is shown that *Ritto* concerns the cut tool.

刈刊刑列判別利刻刷刺制到削前則劍剛劑剖剩副割創劇

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Most *Kanji* can be separated into two big parts.

When it is separated up and down,
the upper part is said *Kammuri*(冠), the lower side is said *Ashi*(脚).



[Exercise 8] Write the *Kammuri* of the following *Kanji* in .

And, write the name of *Kammuri* in [].

①芽 [] ②家 [] ③露 [] ④窓 []

⑤考 [] ⑥発 [] ⑦置 [] ⑧京 []

[Exercise 9] Write the *Ashi* of the following *Kanji* in .

And, write the name of *Ashi* in [].

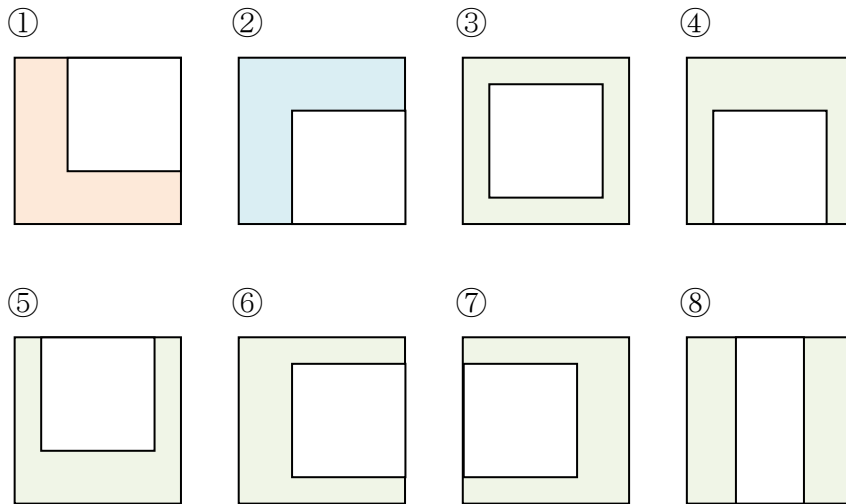
①光 [] ②照 [] ③忘 [] ④盜 []

The separation of Kanji

Most *Kanji* can be separated into two big parts.

It thinks when separated in and out.

① is called *Nyo*(^{ニョウ}繞) and ② is called *Tarre*(^{タレ}垂) in the figure below. In addition, ③~⑧ are all called *Kammae*(^{カマエ}構).



They are examples of *Nyo*(^{ニョウ}繞).

Nyo included in the following *Kanji* is *Shin-nyo*.

込辺迅近迎返述迭迫逆送退追逃迷逝造速逐通
逋途透連逸週進逮運過遇遂達遲道遍遊違遠遣
遮遭適遺遵選遷還避

Nyo included in the following *Kanji* is *En-nyo*.

建延廷／廻

Nyo included in the following *Kanji* is *So-nyo*.

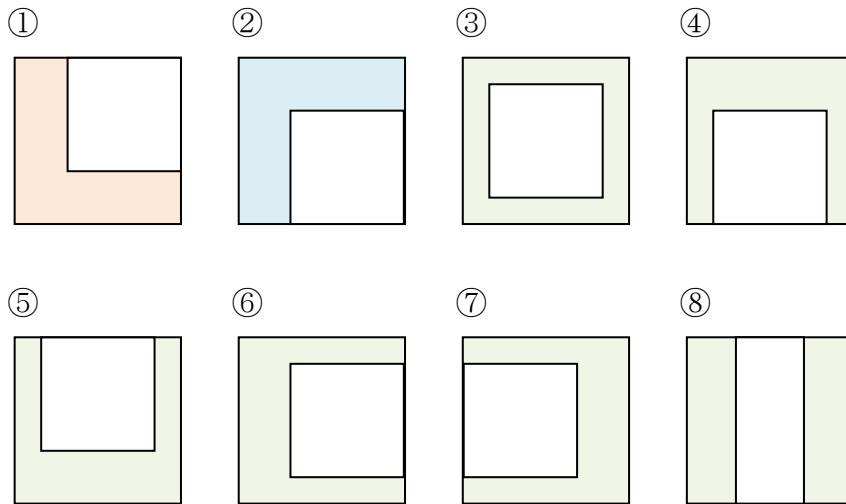
赴起越超趣

The separation of Kanji

Most *Kanji* can be separated into two big parts.

It thinks when separated in and out.

① is called *Nyo*(^{ニョウ}繞) and ② is called *Tarre*(^{タレ}垂) in the figure below. In addition, ③~⑧ are all called *Kammae*(^{カマエ}構).



They are examples of *Tarre*(^{タレ}垂) or *Kammae* (^{カマエ}構) .

Tarre included in the following *Kanji* is *Ma-darre*.

広庁序床底店府度庫座庭康庶庸廢廊廉

Tarre included in the following *Kanji* is *Yamai-darre*.

疫疾症疲病痛痘痢痴療癖癒

Kammae included in the following *Kanji* is *Mon-gammae*.

閉開間閑閣関閥閱鬪

Kammae included in the following *Kanji* is *Tutumi-gammae*.

句勺旬匆包句勾勿匈